The Explanation of the Frontiffice.

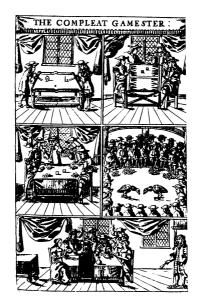
Dilligate from Spate at first drived its case,
Dilligate an operator, and a charge class on
Our Gamelier Tasks first Tasks gette as goals?
And star high Varieties that a gain the Palis
But is the courfe, even the Palis be twee,
Hextrands are now just which they can
Thus in stiff we play to the Terrelivial Stage,
Nothing he through date after date age.

now note by the past of the control of the control

By entring then, one reinforceth more, It may be to be lost, as those before. By Topping, Knapping, and foul play fone win; But the's are losers, who is gain by fin. After these three the Cock-pix claims a name;

A port gentile, and call'd a Boyel Game. New fee the Gallants crowd about the Pit, And most are flock with Monry more than wit; Elfe fare they would not, with fo great a fir, Lay ten to one on a Cocks faithleft Spar.

Lafty, offere the syman with what great They-fit, and hose their Partners in the fact. Who from their syst floot Cupich forty Datty. Thus made them life at one to their Game and Hearts, Their wohite foft hands, (where trethe Cards they cat) Made the more with thoughts, then cyld, Rough, Lafts leave of Whife, and go to Plut, or Rouflate foot tredy one firsts in most hand, Who cart third more to take great girly command. For this I will offere you, if you do, I was seen for you you for the world to the first I was a seen for the seen of the seen of the forty of the I was seen they for the first of the forty o



#### THE COMPLEAT

# Gamester:

OR,

## INSTRUCTIONS

How to play at

BILLIARDS, TRUCKS, BOWLS, and CHESS.

Together with all manner of usual and most Gentile Games either on

# CARDS or DICE.

To which is added,

The Arts and Mysteries

O F

RIDING, RACING, ARCHERY, and COCK-FIGHTING.

LONDON: Printed by A.M. for R. Cutler, and to be fold by Henry Brome at the Gun at the West-end of St. Pauls. 1674.

#### CHAP. I.

### of BILLIARDS.

THE Gentile, cleanly and most ingenious Game at Billiards had its first original from Italy, and for the excellency of the Recreation is much approved of and plaid by most Nations in Europe, especially in England there being few Towns of note therein which hatn not a publick Billiard-Table, neither are they wanting in many Noble and private Families in the Country, for the recreation of the mind and exercise of the body.

The form of a Billiard-Table is oblong, that is fomething longer than it is broad; it is rail'd round, which rail or ledge ought to be a little swel'd or sufficies of the Table must be covered with green-cloth, the siner and more freed from knots the better it is the Board must be level'd as exactly as may be, so that a Ball may run true up-

on any part of the Table without leaning to any fide thereof; but what by reason of ill-season'd boards which are fubject to warp, or the floar on which it stands being uneven, or in time by the weight of the Table, and the Gamefters yielding and giving way, there are very few Billiard-Tables which are found true; and therefore fuch which are exactly level'd are highly valuable by a good Player; for at a false Table it is impossible for him to show the excellency of his Art and Skill, whereby Bunglers many times by knowing the windings and tricks of the Table have shamefully beaten a very good Gamester, who at a true Table would have given him three in five But to proceed in the description thereof; at the four corners of the Table there are holes, and at each fide exactly in the middle one, which are called Hazards, and have hanging at the bottoms nets to receive the Balls and keep them from falling to the ground when they are hazarded. have feen at some Table: Wooden

Boxes for the hazards, fix of them as aforefaid, but they are nothing near fo commendable as the former, because a Ball struck hard is more apt to fly out of them when struck in.

There is to the Table belonging an Ivory Port, which stands at one end of the Table, and an Ivory King at the other, two small Ivory Balls and two Sticks; where note if your Balls are not compleatly round you can never expect good proof in your play: your Sticks ought to be heavy, made of Brasse. Lignum with or some other

must be tipt with Ivory; where note, if the heads happen to be loose, you will never strike a smart stroke, you will eafily perceive that defect by the hollow deadness of your stroak and faint running of your Ball.

weighty wood, which at the broad end

The Game is five by day light, or feven if odds be given, and three by Candle-light or more according to odds in houses that make a livelihood thereof; but in Gentlemens houses there is no such restriction; for the Game may justly admit of as many as the

Gamesters please to make. For the Lead you are to stand on the

one fide of the Table opposite to the King, with your Ball laid near the Cufnon, and your Adversary on the other in like posture; and he that with his Stick makes his Ball come nearest the King leads first.

The Leader must have a care that at the first stroke his Ball touch not the end of the Table leading from the King to the Port, but after the first stroke he need not sear to do it, and let him so lead that he may either be in a possibility of passing the next stroke, or

King to the Port, but after the first stroke he need not fear to do it, and let him to lead that he may either be in a possibility of passing the next stroke, or so cunningly lie that he may be in a very fair probability of hazarding his Adversaries Ball, that very stroak he plaid after him. The first contest is who shall pass first, and in that strife there are frequent opportunitities of hazarding one another; and it is very pleasant to obferve what policies are used in hindering one another from the pass, as by turng the Port with a strong clever stroke; for if you turn it with your

Stick it must be set right again; but

indeed more properly he that doth it should lose one; sometimes it is done (when you see it is impossible to pass) by laving your Ball in the Port, or before your Adversaries, and then all he can do is to pass after you; if he hath past and you dare not adventure to pass after him, for fear he should in the interim touch the King and so win the end, you must wait upon him and watch all opportunities to hazard him, or King him; that is, when his Ball lyeth in fuch manner that when you strike his Ball may hit down the King, and then you win one.

Here note, that if you should King him, and your Ball fly over the Table, or else run into a hazard, that then you lose one notwithstanding.

of the fall into a lazard, that then you lofe one notwithfranding.

The Player ought to have a curious eye, and very good judgment when he either intends to King his Adverfary's Ball, or hazard, in taking or quartering out jult fo much of the Ball

ry's Ball, or hazard, intaking or quartering out just so much of the Ball as will accomplish either; which observation must be noted in passing on your Adversary's Ball, or corner of the

## Of Billiarna.

Port. Some I have observed to skilful at this Recreation, that if they have had less than a fifth part of a

Ball they would rarely mis King or Hazard. As this is a cleanly pastime, so there are Laws or Orders made against lolling slovingly Players, that by their forfeitures they may be reduced to regularity and decency; wherefore be careful you lay not your hand on the Table when you strike or let your sleeve drag upon it. if you do it is a loss; if you smoak and let the ashes of your Pipe fall on the Table, whereby oftentimes the Cloth is burned, it is a forfeiture, but that should not so much deter you from it as the hindrance piping is to your play. When you strike a long stroke, hold your flick neatly between your two fore fingers and your thumb, then strike smartly, and by aiming rightly you may when you please either fetch back your Adverlary's Ball when he lyeth fair for a pass, or many

times when he lyeth behind the King,

and you at the other end of the Table you may King him backward.

you may king him backward.

If you lie close you may use the fmall end of your stick, or the flat of the big end, raising up one end over your shoulder, which you shall think

most convenient for your purpose.

Have a care of raking, for if it be not a forfeiture it is a fault hardly excusable, but if you touch your Ball

twice it is a loss.

Beware when you jobb your Ball through the Port with the great end of your Stick that you throw it not down, if you do it is a loss, but do it so handsomly that at one stroke without turning the Port with your Stick you effect your purpose; it is good play to turn the Port with your Ball, and so hinder your Adversary from passing; neither is it amis if

you can to make your Adverfary a Fornicator, that is having past your felf a little way, and the others Ball being hardly through the Port you put him back again, and it may be quite out of pass.

It argueth policy to lay a long Ha-

zard fometimes for your Antagonist, whereby he is often entrapped for rashly adventuring at that distance, thinking to firike your Ball into the Hazard, which lieth v ry near it, he frequently runs in himfelf by reason of that ereat diffance. There is great art in lying abfcond, that is, to lie at bo peep with your Adversary, either subtlely to gain a pass or hazard. Here note, if your Adversary hath not past and lyeth up by the King, you may endeavour to pass again, which if you do, and touch the King, it is two, but if thrown down you lose: Some instead of a King use a string and a bell, and then you need not fear to have the end, if you can pass

if you do, and touch the King, it is two, but if thrown down you lofe. Some inflead of a King use a string and a bell, and then you need not fear to have the end, if you can pass first; this is in my judgment bungling play, there being not that curious art of finely touching at a great distance a King that stands very ticklishly.

For your better understanding of the Game read the ensuing Orders. But there is no better way than practice to make you perfect therein.

#### Of Billiarna.

Orders to be observed by such who will play at Billiards.

I. If the Leader touch the end of the Table with his Ball at the first stroke he loseth one.

2. If the Follower intend to hit his Adversaries Ball, or pass at one stroke he must string his Ball, that is, lay it even with the King, or he loseth one.

3. He that passeth through the Port hath the advantage of touching the King which is one if not thrown down.

4. He that paffeth twice, his Adversary having not past at all, and toucheth the King without throwing him down wins two ends.

5. He that paifeth not hath no other advantage than the Hazards.

6. He that is a Fornicator (that is, hath past through the back of the Port) he must pass twice through the fore part, or he cannot have the advantage of passing that end.

7. He that hits down the Port or King, or hazards his own Ball, or

strikes either Ball over the Table lofeth one.

feth one.

8. He that hazards his Adversary's Ball, or makes it hit down the King

winneth the end.

9. If four play, two against two, he that mistakes his stroke loseth one to that side he is of.

10. He that after both Balls plaid, removes the Port without confent, or ftrikes his Ball twice together, or that his Adverfaries Ball touch his Stickhand, Clothes, or playeth his Adverfaries Balls, lofeth one.

on the ground when he strikes his Ball shall lose an end, or if he lay his

hand or fleeve on the Cloth.

12. A stander by though he betts

shall not instruct, direct or speak in in the Game without consent, or being first asked; if after he is advertised hereof he offend in this nature, for every fault he shall instantly forseit Two pence for the good of the Company, or not be suffer'd to stay in the

Room.
13 He that plays a Ball, while the

## Df Billiarda.

other runs, or takes up a Ball before it lie still loseth an end.

14. He that removes the Port with

his Stick when he strikes his Ball, and thereby prevents his Adversaries Ball from passing loseth an end.

15. All controversies are to be decided

by the Standers by, upon asking judg-Here note, that wholoever breaks the King forfeits a shilling, for the Port ten shillings, and each Stick

five shillings. 16. Five ends make a Game by Day-

light, and three by Candle-light.

The Orders in Verse as I found them fram'd for a very ancient Billiard-Table.

He Leading ball the upper end (may'nt bit; For if it doth it lefeth one by it. 2. The Follower with the King lie even (hall If he doth pass or hit the others ball; Or elfe lofe one the like if either las Their arm or hand on board when they (do play. 2. That man wins one who with the o-(thers ball So strikes the King that he doth make (him fall. 4. If striking at a hazard both run in. The ball struck at thereby an end shal win. 5. He loseth one that down the Port doth The like doth he that infles down the (King. 6. He that in play the adverse ball shall With stick, hand, or cloaths forfeits (just as much.

#### Of Billiarna.

7. And he that twice hath past shall (touch the King. The other not past at all shall two ends (min. 8. If both the balls over the Table file, The striker of them loseth one thereby. And if but one upon the board attend, The Striker still the loser of the end. 9. One foot upon the ground must still be ( fet. Or one end's lost if you do that forget : And if you twice shall touch a ball e're Hath struck between an end for him is (free. 10. If any Stander by shall chance to bet, And will instruct, he then must pay the ( fet. 11. The Port or King being fet, (moves the same With hand or stick shall lose that end (or Game. 12. He that can touch being past or strike

12. He that can touch being past or strike
(the other
Into the Hazard is allowed another.
13. If any Stander by shall stop a ball,
The Game being lost thereby he pass
(fer .ill.

14. If any past be stricken back again, His pass before shall be accounted vain. 15. He that breaks any thing with vio-(lence,

King, Port, or Stick is to make good (th offence. 16. If any not the Game doth fully know

May ask another whether it be so, Remember also when the Game you (win,

To set it up for fear of wrangling.

17. He that doth make his ball the King
(light hit.

And holes th'other scores two ends for (it.

There are several other Orders which only concern the house which I omit, as impertinent to the Rules of playing at Billiards.

Since Recreation is a thing lawful in

playing at Billiards.
Since Recreation is a thing lawful in tielf if not abused, I cannot but commend this as the most gentile and innocent of any I know, if rightly u-fed; there being none of those cheats to be plaid at this as at several other

Games I shall hereafter mention. There is nothing here to be used but pure art; and therefore I shall only caution

you to go to play, that you suffer not your felf to be over-matcht, and do not when you meet with a better Gamester than your felf condemn the falle Pins upon mc.

Table, and do not fivear as one did playing at Nine-Pins, this L. N. hath put To conclude, I believe this Pastime is not so much used of late as formerly, by reason of those spunging Caterpillars which swarm where any Billiard-Tables are fet up, who making that fingle room their Shop, Kitching and Bed-chamber; their Shop, for this is the place where they wait for ignorant Cullies to be their Customers; their Kitching, for from hence comes the Major part of their provision, drinking and smoaking being their common sustenance; and when they can perswade no more persons to play at the Table, they make it their dormitory, and fleep under it; the Floor is their Feather-bed. the legs of the Table their Bed-posts, and the Table the Tester; they dream of nothing but Hazards, being never out of them, of passing and repassing, which may be fitly applied to their

lewd lives, which makes them continually pass from one prison to another till their lives are ended; and there is an end of the Game.